

Best Buy Tickets

Rubric

	Points	Section points																					
<p>Shows correct reasoning and calculations such as the following: <i>May solve using algebra</i></p> <p>Sure Print: The cost for n tickets in dollars is $C = 2n/25$</p> <p>Best print: $C = 10 + n/25$</p> <p>Method 1: May draw graphs and find the point of intersection, ($n = 250$).</p> <p>Method 2 (algebraic)</p> <p>When the two costs are equal $2n/25 = 10 + n/25$</p> $n = 250$ <p>Shows that when $n < 250$ Sure Print is cheaper When $n > 250$ Best Print is cheaper</p> <p><i>Or May decide to solve arithmetically</i></p> <p>Decides to list costs for different numbers of tickets.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="315 1123 1219 1575"> <thead> <tr> <th>Number of tickets</th> <th>Sure Print</th> <th>Best Print</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>50</td> <td>4</td> <td>12</td> </tr> <tr> <td>100</td> <td>8</td> <td>14</td> </tr> <tr> <td>150</td> <td>12</td> <td>16</td> </tr> <tr> <td>200</td> <td>16</td> <td>18</td> </tr> <tr> <td>250</td> <td>20</td> <td>20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>300</td> <td>24</td> <td>23</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>States that the lists show that when $n = 250$ the costs are equal</p> <p>States that when $n < 250$ Sure Print is cheaper When $n > 250$ Best Print is cheaper</p>	Number of tickets	Sure Print	Best Print	50	4	12	100	8	14	150	12	16	200	16	18	250	20	20	300	24	23	<p>2</p> <p>2</p> <p>4</p> <p>or</p> <p>4</p> <p>2</p> <p>or</p> <p>2</p> <p>5</p> <p>1</p> <p>2 x 1</p>	<p>10</p> <p>or</p> <p>10</p>
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